# Catholic Schools are a Really Good Thing

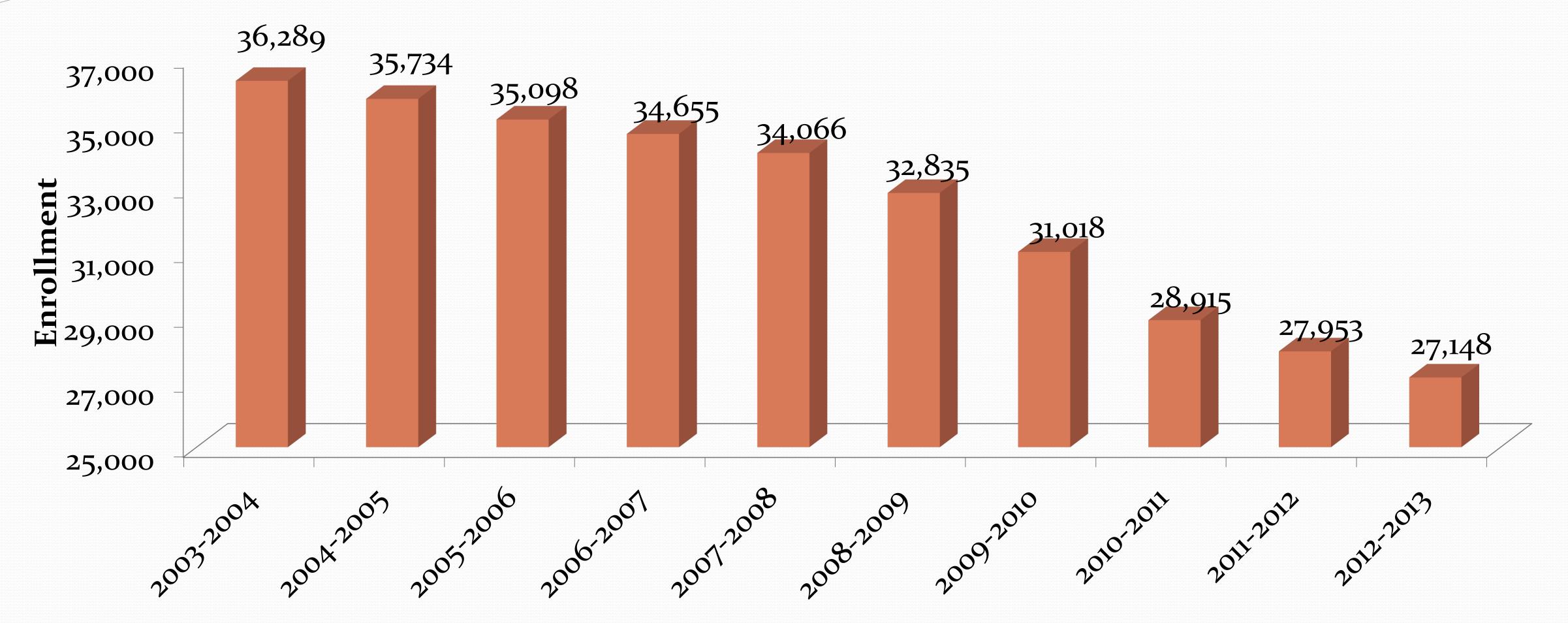
By: Anirban Basu Sage Policy Group, Inc.

September 29, 2012



#### Area Catholic School Enrollment\*

2003-2013



Source: Archdiocese of Baltimore

\*Updated as of Fall 2012

#### 2012-2013:

Change since Fall 2001: -9,141 (-25.2%); Change since last year: -805 (-2.9%)



#### Summary of School Operations, Area Catholic Schools\*

| Factor   | Quantity      |
|--|---------------|
| Institutions   | 82            |
| Total Enrollment                                     | 32,436        |
| Total Operating Expenses                             | \$204,325,909 |
| Operating Expenses Minus Employment Pay and Benefits | \$53,711,998  |
| Faculty Employment                                   | 2,309         |
| Faculty Pay and Benefits                             | \$112,171,396 |
| Staff Employment                                     | 1,819         |
| Staff Pay and Benefits                               | \$38,442,515  |

Source: Archdiocese of Baltimore, Sage

\*Based on School Year 2008-2009 and FY2009 Data



#### Summary of School Operations, Area Catholic Schools \*

| Factor   | Quantity      |
|--|---------------|
| Institutions   | 70            |
| Total Enrollment                                     | 27,962        |
| Total Operating Expenses                             | \$159,899,419 |
| Operating Expenses Minus Employment Pay and Benefits | \$46,303,332  |
| Faculty Employment                                   | 1,969         |
| Faculty Pay and Benefits                             | \$82,472,147  |
| Staff Employment                                     | 1,562         |
| Staff Pay and Benefits                               | \$31,123,940  |

Source: Archdiocese of Baltimore, Sage



# Impacts of the Operation of Catholic Schools



### **Annual Economic Impact of Operations of Baltimore Area Catholic Schools in Maryland**

(based on school year 2008-2009)

| Type of Impact | Employment | Labor Income<br>(\$millions) | Value Added (\$millions) |
|----------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Direct         | 4,125      | \$15.6                       | \$204.3                  |
| Indirect       | 303        | \$13.2                       | \$47.5                   |
| Induced        | 955        | \$42.6                       | \$129.7                  |
| Total          | 5,383      | \$212.4                      | \$381.5                  |



## **Annual Economic Impact of Operations of Baltimore Area Catholic Schools in Maryland** (based on school year 2011-2012)

Labor Income Value Added Type of Impact Employment (\$millions) (\$millions) Direct \$118.1 \$160.9 3,561 Indirect 239 \$37.4 \$10.9 Induced 693 \$32.3 \$94.1 4,463 \$161.3 \$292.5 **Total** 



## Annual Fiscal Impact of Operations of Baltimore Area Catholic Schools in Maryland

(based on school year 2008-2009)

| Type of Tax                       | Value (\$millions) |  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Local Income Tax                  | \$2.0              |  |
| State Income Tax                  | \$4.8              |  |
| State Sales Tax                   | \$4.6              |  |
| Corporate Profits Tax             | \$0.4              |  |
| Total State and Local Tax Revenue | \$11.8             |  |



# Annual Fiscal Impact of Operations of Baltimore Area Catholic Schools in Maryland (based on school year 2011-2012)

| Type of Tax                       | Value (\$millions) |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Local Income Tax                  | \$1.5              |
| State Income Tax                  | \$4.4              |
| State Sales Tax                   | \$3.5              |
| Corporate Profits Tax             | \$0.3              |
| Total State and Local Tax Revenue | \$9.7              |



### Fiscal Benefit of Students in Region Attending Catholic School by Jurisdiction (based on 2008-2009 enrollment)

| Jurisdiction   | M.O.E Cost of Effort Per<br>Student | Students Attending Archdiocese School | Costs Saved by Students Attending Catholic Schools |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Allegany       | \$3,164                             | 496                                   | \$1,569,344  |
| Anne Arundel   | \$7,510                             | 5,636                                 | \$42,326,360                                       |
| Baltimore      | \$6,339                             | 11,416                                | \$72,366,024                                       |
| Baltimore City | \$2,561                             | 8,635                                 | \$22,114,235                                       |
| Carroll        | \$5,620                             | 434                                   | \$2,439,080  |
| Frederick      | \$5,849                             | 1,373                                 | \$8,030,677  |
| Harford        | \$5,528                             | 1,902                                 | \$10,514,256                                       |
| Howard         | \$9,225                             | 2,052                                 | \$18,929,700                                       |
| Washington     | \$4,137                             | 492                                   | \$2,035,404  |
| Total Local    |                                     | 32,436                                | \$180,325,080                                      |
| Total State    |                                     | 32,436                                | \$200,561,900                                      |



### Fiscal Benefit of Students in Region Attending Catholic School by Jurisdiction (based on 2011-2012 enrollment)

| Jurisdiction   | M.O.E Cost of Effort Per Student | Students Attending Archdiocese School | Costs Saved by Students Attending Catholic Schools |  |
|----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Allegany       | \$3,164                          | 444                                   | \$1,404,816  |  |
| Anne Arundel   | \$7,510                          | 5,282                                 | \$39,667,820                                       |  |
| Baltimore      | \$6,339                          | 10,260                                | \$65,038,140                                       |  |
| Baltimore City | \$2,561                          | 6,301                                 | \$16,136,861                                       |  |
| Carroll        | \$5,620                          | 367                                   | \$2,062,540  |  |
| Frederick      | \$5,849                          | 1,235                                 | \$7,223,515  |  |
| Harford        | \$5,528                          | 1,603                                 | \$8,861,384  |  |
| Howard         | \$9,225                          | 2,053                                 | \$18,938,925                                       |  |
| Washington     | \$4,137                          | 417                                   | \$1,725,129  |  |
| Total Local    |                                  | 27,962                                | \$161,059,130                                      |  |
| Total State    |                                  | 27,962                                | \$178,504,621                                      |  |

Source: Sage, MSDE Fact Book 2008-2009



## Impact of Catholic Education on Lifetime Earnings



#### Archdiocese of Baltimore Standardized Test Scores,

Stanford 10 Grade 3-8, 2012

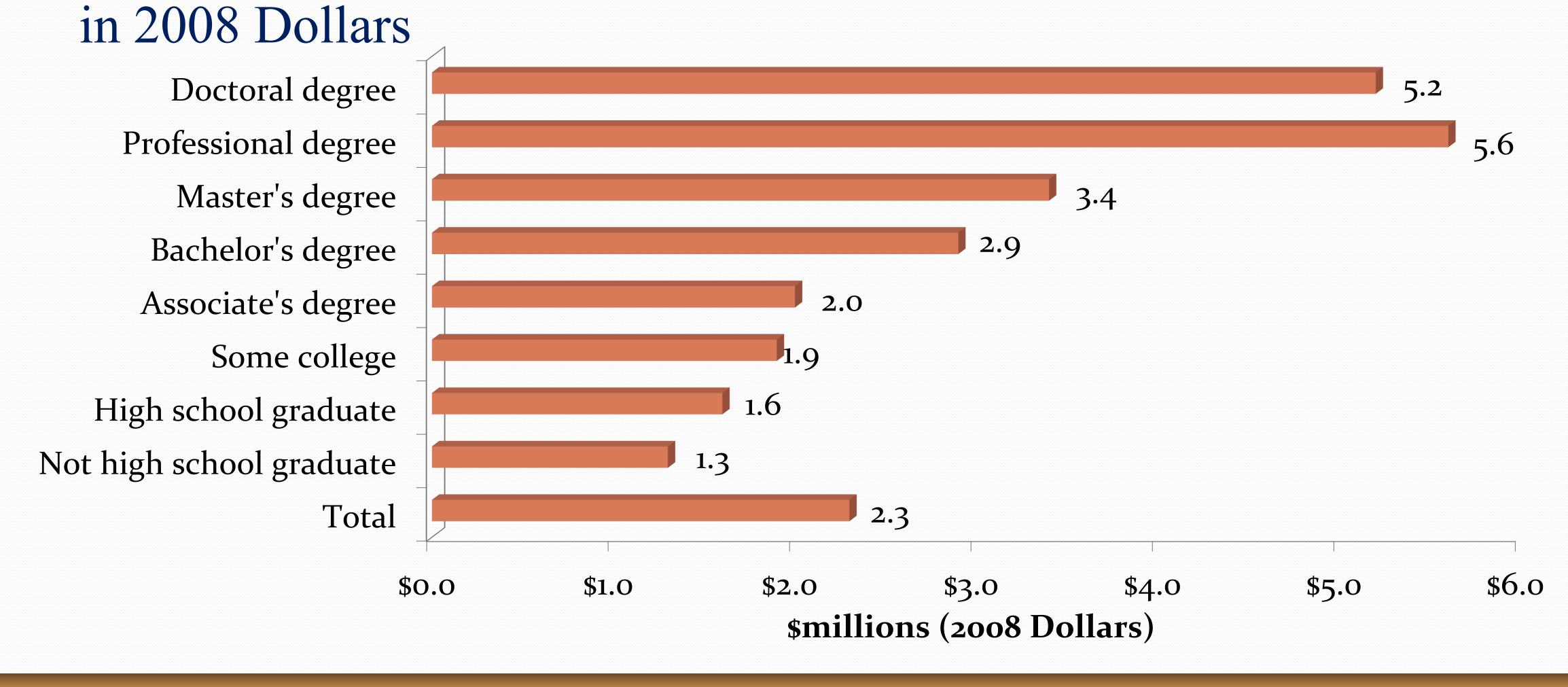
| Grade | Reading | Math | Science | Social Science |
|-------|---------|------|---------|----------------|
| 3     | 60      | 60   | 66      | 59             |
| 4     | 69      | 70   | 68      | 72             |
| 5     | 68      | 65   | 66      | 71             |
| 6     | 68      | 66   | 70      | 67             |
| 7     | 72      | 70   | 71      | 72             |
| 8     | 69      | 69   | 72      | 72             |

Source: Archdiocese of Baltimore

National average = 50, using national percentile rankings (spring 2007 norms)



## Work-Life Earnings Estimates for Full-Time, Year-Round Workers by Educational Attainment based on 2006-2008 Work Experience,



Source: Census Bureau, CPS, Sage



## Changes in the Probability of High School Graduation From three studies 1995-1997

| Source           | Demographic               | Overall Graduation Rate (Percent) | Percentage Point Increase in Graduation Rate (Catholic Schooling Effect) |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Evans and Schwab | White                     | 83                                | 14   |
|                  | Black                     | 80                                | 13   |
|                  | Urban                     | 77                                | 17   |
|                  | Suburban                  | 86                                | 11   |
| Neal             | Urban: Black and Hispanic | 64                                | 26   |
|                  | Urban: white              | 76                                | 10   |
| Sander           | Rural                     | 82                                | 6*   |

Source: FRBT Economic Policy Review, 1998



<sup>\*</sup>Figure not statistically significant

### Maryland High School Senior Post-Graduation Decisions 2009 and 2011

| Decision  | 2009  | 2011   |
|---|-------|--------|
| Attend a four-year college                          | 47.6% | 51.3%  |
| Attend a two-year college                           | 17.1% | 31.5%  |
| Attend a specialized school or specialized training | 2.4%  | ≤5.0%  |
| Enter employment                                    | 6.6%  | ≤5.0%  |
| Enter the military                                  | 2.7%  | ≤5.0%  |
| Enter full-time employment and school               | 8.0%  | 9.9%   |
| Enter part-time employment and/or school            | 11.3% | 40.9%  |
| Other and No Response                               | 4.3%  | ≤ 5.0% |

Source: 2009 Maryland Report Card, MSDE



### Archdiocese of Baltimore Student Year-End Survey 2008-2009 and 2010-2011

|   | 2008-2009     |                   | 2010-2011     |                  |
|---|---------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Decision  | Number        | Percent of  Total | Number        | Percent of Total |
| Total Number of Graduating Seniors                                    | 2,310         | 100.0%            | 2,358         | 100.0%           |
| Total Number of Graduating Seniors Attending a Two-Year College       | 349           | 15.1%             | 371           | 15.7%            |
| Total Number of Graduating Seniors Attending a Four-Year College      | 1,884         | 81.6%             | 1,733         | 73.5%            |
| Total Number of Graduating Seniors Hired into Full-time<br>Employment | 34            | 1.5%              | 53            | 2.2%             |
| Total Monetary Amount Received in Financial Awards and Scholarships   | \$114,105,123 | NA                | \$149,599,592 | NA               |

Source: Archdiocese of Baltimore



#### Fiscal Impacts associated with Differential Earnings

| Type of Tax                        | One-year of Graduates  Tax Revenue  (\$millions) | Ten years of Graduates  Tax Revenue  (\$millions) |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Property Tax (Induced)             | \$9.0  | \$90.1  |
| Sales Tax (Induced)                | \$8.2  | \$82.4  |
| State Income Tax (Graduate/Direct) | \$11.1   | \$110.7   |
| Local Income Tax (Graduate/Direct) | \$7.0  | \$69.6  |
| State Income Tax (Induced)         | \$2.8  | \$27.7  |
| Local Income Tax (Induced)         | \$1.7  | \$17.4  |
| Total Tax Revenues                 | \$39.8   | \$397.9   |



#### Conclusions

- Catholic school students produce higher test scores;
- Catholic school students are more likely to graduate;
- Catholic school students are more likely to attend and graduate from college;
- The presence of Catholic schools is of disproportionate benefit to older and lower-income communities;
- Catholic school graduates can expect to earn roughly \$225,000 (in 2008 dollars) more than their public school counterparts;
- Catholic school graduates support more jobs, income formation and business sales in the broader economy;
- Catholic school graduates will contribute more to State and local government coffers than their public school counterparts;
- The presence of Catholic school capacity reduces State and local public educational expenses by tens of millions of dollars per year;
- Catholic school graduates are more likely to emerge as societal leaders and organizers; &
- Catholic schools are capable of stabilizing older communities.



### Thank You

- You can always reach me at <a href="mailto:abasu@sagepolicy.com">abasu@sagepolicy.com</a>
- If you appreciate this type of information and would like regular updates, please see our newsletter service at <a href="https://www.spgtrend.com">www.spgtrend.com</a>
- Also, if you need us in a hurry, we are at 410.522.7243 (410.522.SAGE)
- Please contact us when you require economic research & policy analysis.

